Type 1A (Flexible carriageway).

Type 1B (Rigid carriageway).

Type 1C (Flexible composite carriageway).

Type 1D (Rigid composite carriageway).

NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. Alternative treatments to top of filter drains are shown on Drawing No. B15. Type V is shown on this Drawing.
3. "DN" represents nominal diameter of the pipe.
4. Pipes shall be laid to the levels shown on the Drawings and schedules.
NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES. These details also apply to rigid composite carriageway with any necessary modifications.

2. For details of concrete channel see Drawing No B14.

3. The sealing strip and the vertical part of under channel drainage layer shown for a 120mm depth of channel is cast before pavement. They shall be fixed to pavement edge when pavement is cast before channel.

4. Sealing strip to be to Clause 1864 of S.H.W.

5. For details of under-channel drainage layer see Drawing No F21.

6. Channels may be freestanding or cast in one with the pavement. In the latter case the requirements of NOTES 3 & 4 may be ignored. Transverse joints in carriageway slabs shall be continued through channel sections cast in one with the slab.

7. Notwithstanding other tolerances in the Specification, the finished level of the channel shall not be higher nor more than 10mm lower than the finished level of the edge of the adjacent carriageway.
TYPE 3A
(Channel base formed within sub-base layer)

TYPE 3B
(Channel base formed on the sub-base layer)

TYPE 3C
(Channel base formed on first base layer)

NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
   These details also apply to flexible composite carriageway with any necessary modifications.
2. For details of concrete channel see Drawing No B14.
3. Notwithstanding other tolerances in the Specification the finished level of the channel shall not be higher nor more than 10mm lower than the finished level of the adjacent carriageway.
4. Where used in conjunction with thin surfacing the under drainage detail shown in F21 shall apply in full.
Type 4A (Flexible carriageway).

Type 4B (Rigid carriageway).

Type 4C (Flexible composite carriageway).

Type 4D (Rigid composite carriageway).

NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLI METRES.
2. Dimensions X & W to be as described in Appendix 5/3.
3. Topsoil or paving in verges shall be as described in Appendix 5/3.
4. For details of channel blocks A and B see Drawing No. F15.
TYPE 11A (Flexible carriageway).

TYPE 11B (Rigid carriageway).

TYPE 11C (Flexible composite carriageway).

TYPE 11D (Rigid composite carriageway).

NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. Alternative treatments to top of filter drains are shown on Drawing No. B15. Type V drain is shown on this Drawing.
3. 'DN' represents nominal diameter of pipe.
4. Pipes shall be laid to the levels shown on the Drawings and schedules.
NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES
   These details also apply to flexible composite carriageway with any necessary modifications.
2. For details of concrete channel see Drawing No B14.
3. Topsoil or paving in the central reserve shall be as described in Appendix 5/3
4. Notwithstanding other tolerances in the Specification the finished level of the channel shall not be higher nor more than 10mm lower than the finished level of the adjacent carriageway.
5. Where used in conjunction with a thin surfacing the under drainage detail shown in F21 shall apply in full.
TYPE 14
(Drainage Channel Block & Drain)

TYPE 15
(Drain in Dished Central Reserve)

NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. Dimensions X & Y to be as described in Appendix 5/3.
3. For details of drainage channel blocks see Drawing No. F15.
4. Flexible carriageway construction is shown. Variations for other constructions to be as shown on Drawing No. B1.
5. Toppill or paving in the central reserve shall be as described in Appendix 5/3.
6. Where the central reserve is gravelled and carriageway surface water is to flow over the edge the surface of the central reserve should be set 40mm below adjacent hardstrip or carriageway.
Type 21A (Flexible carriageway).

Type 21B (Rigid carriageway).

Type 21C (Flexible composite carriageway).

Type 21D (Rigid composite carriageway).

NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. Carrier drains shall be as detailed on the Drawings and schedules.
NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. Drains shall comply with Drawing Nos F18, 19 and 20.
3. For details of drainage channel blocks see Drawing Nos F15 and F16.
4. Dimension X shall be as described in Appendix 5/3.
5. Not applicable on motorways.
6. The distance between the traffic face of the safety barrier and the nearest vertical face of the collecting channel shall not be less than 75% of the Working Width Class as specified in Appendix 4/1.
TYPE 22A
(Channel formed on capping or formation layer)

TYPE 22B
(Channel base formed within sub-base layer)

TYPE 22C
(Channel formed on sub-base layer)

NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES. These details also apply to rigid composite carriageway with any necessary modifications.

2. For details of concrete channel see Drawing No. B14.

3. The sealing strip and the vertical part of under channel drainage layer shown for when channel is cast before pavement. They shall be fixed to pavement edge when pavement cast before channel.

4. Sealing strip to be to Clause 1014 of S.H.W.

5. Where used in conjunction with a thin surfacing the under drainage detail shown in F21 shall apply in full.

6. Notwithstanding other tolerances in the Specification, the finished level of the channel shall not be higher nor more than 10mm lower than the finished level of the edge of the adjacent carriageway.

7. Channel may be freestanding or cast in one with the pavement. In the latter case the requirements of NOTES 3 & 4 may be ignored. Transverse joints in carriageway slab shall be continued through channel sections cast in one with the slab.
TYPE 23A
(Channel base formed within sub-base layer)

TYPE 23B
(Channel formed on the sub-base layer)

TYPE 23C
(Channel formed on first base layer)

NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
   These details also apply to flexible composite carriageway with any
   necessary modifications.
2. For details of concrete channel see Drawing No.B14.
3. Notwithstanding other tolerances in the Specification the finished level of the channel shall not be higher
   nor more than 10mm lower than the finished level of the edge of the adjacent carriageway.
4. Where used in conjunction with a thin surfacing the underdrainage detail shown in F21 shall apply in full.
Type 24A (Flexible carriageway).

Type 24C (Flexible composite carriageway).

Type 24B (Rigid carriageway).

Type 24D (Rigid composite carriageway).

NOTES.

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. Dimensions T.U.V.W.X.Y & Z shall be as described in Appendix I/3.
   The dimension Y is the difference in level between the back edge of the
   channel and the level of the carriageway, hardshoulder or hardstrip adjacent to the
   channel. Dimension Y is +ve when the carriageway edge of the channel is
   above the verge edge. Dimension Y is -ve when the channel is below the
   verge edge.
3. The edges of the channel should be approximately vertical but Angle α may
   lie between 0° and 5° for ease of slipforming.
4. Channel Type B shall be used when the carriageway and channel are slipformed
   simultaneously. Type B Channels shall be deemed a continuation of the carriageway
   slab and shall be reinforced accordingly. Concrete to Type B channels shall be as
   specified for the carriageway slab. Type B channels shall have transverse joints of
   the same type and spacing as in the carriageway slab, sealed in accordance
   with Clauses 1016 and 1017 of SHW.
5. Concrete to Type A channel shall comply
   with Clause 1103 of SHW and shall be a
   designed mix, strength class 028/35 to
   BS EN 206-1 and BS 8500,
   air–entrained in accordance with BS 5931.
6. Contraction joints in Type A channels shall
   be sawn or wet formed. Sawn joints shall
   be cut to a minimum depth of 25mm below
   the channel invert or to a minimum depth
   of one quarter of the channel section
   whichever is the greater. Wet formed joints
   shall be cut into the concrete whilst it is
   still plastic with a sharp steel trowel to
   separate coarse aggregate particles over
   not less than two thirds of the cross-
   sectional area and finished using a keeled
   trowel or equivalent tool, to form a tapered
   sealing groove, not less than 13mm in
   width at the surface, tapering to not less
   than 5mm at a depth of 25mm.
7. The spacing of contraction joints in Type A
   channels shall be 5000mm. When required
   by Clause 1103, expansion joints shall
   be formed at spacings not exceeding 40000mm
   in accordance with Clause 1009. Joints shall
   be sealed in accordance with Clause 1016
   and 1017 of SHW.
8. Sealing strip is required when Type
   A channels are used with rigid
   carriageway construction and shall be in
   accordance with Clause 1014 of SHW.
9. For channels in the verge, limited flooding of the hardshoulder or hardstrip may be permitted in exceptional rain fall conditions. For central reservation channels flooding must not encroach on to the carriageway or hardstrip.
10. The 40mm flat shown on the edge of the Type A channel is intended to minimise damage when the adjacent pavement layers are being compacted.
11. Type A and Type B channels indicate profiles of triangular surface water channels in solid lines. Broken lines of width T at crossfall 1:40 denote base profile of trapezoidal surface water channel.
NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. The Drawing shows alternative treatments to top of drain shown on drawings B1 & B5 and is applicable to rigid and flexible carriageway options. Filter, sub-base and topsoil materials should be taken to the edge of pavement layer as appropriate.
3. Material in this layer may be topsoil or sub-base material and the depth and type shall be as described in Appendix 5/1.
4. Sub-base material shall be unbound material as specified in Clause B01 of S.H.W.
5. Material in this infill shall be lightweight aggregate as described in Appendix 5/1.
6. The geosynthetic shall be as described in Appendix 5/1 and shall be fixed in a convenient pavement layer to give required topsoil thickness ≤ 50mm.
7. Where described in Appendix 5/1 a geosynthetic membrane shall be provided between the type 9 filter material and overlying layers for drain types W, X, Y.
8. For dimensions of filter drain relative to pavement layer see Drawings B1 & B5.
9. Detail of lower section of filter drain shall be as types G, H or I in Drawing F2 or as described in Appendix 5/1.
NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
   These details also apply to flexible composite and rigid composite carriageway with necessary modification. Rigid composite as Type 25B but with bituminous surfacing laid up to front face of block as Type 25A, and without the sealing strip.
   Flexible composite as Type 25A down to top surface of base, lower details as Type 25B.

2. The sealing strip and vertical part of geotextile drainage membrane are shown for when block is constructed before pavement. They shall be fixed to pavement edge when pavement cast before block.

3. Sealing strip to be to Clause 1014 of S.H.W.

4. Where used in conjunction with a thin surfacing the under drainage shown in F21 shall apply in full.

TYPE 25A
(Flexible carriageway)

TYPE 25B
(Rigid carriageway)
NOTES
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
   Type A (proprietary precast) and Type B (in situ) systems are applicable to flexible,
   composite, rigid or rigid composite carriageway with any necessary modifications.
2. The sealing strips and the vertical part of the geotextile drainage membrane are
   shown for when the linear drainage system is constructed before the pavement
   and/or concrete safety barrier. They shall be fixed to the pavement and/or
   concrete safety barrier edge when the pavement and/or concrete safety barrier
   is cast before the linear drainage system.
3. The geotextile drainage layer and drain to Drawing Nos. F18, 19 & 20 may be
   omitted if there is no drainage discontinuity in the pavement and capping layers.
   pavement edge when pavement cast before block.
4. Sealing strip to be to Clause 1014 of S.H.W.
5. Concrete between the proprietary system and the URC, JRC, CRCP or CROR concrete slab
   shall be strength class C28/35 to a depth of not less than the thickness of the slab.
6. Proprietary precast system and associated bed and backing concrete must be
   constructed in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations and be isolated
   from adjacent in situ concrete construction by suitable sealed expansion joints.
7. Sealing strips required between in situ system and adjacent concrete safety barrier,
   and between in situ system and adjacent rigid or rigid composite carriageway.
8. Notwithstanding other tolerances in the Specification, the finished level of
   the linear drainage system shall not be higher nor more than 10mm lower
   than the finished level of the edge of the adjacent carriageway or hardstrip.
9. Notwithstanding the slot dimensions given in SHW sub-Clause 517.5, on motorways where
   single slotted linear drainage channels are used with a concrete safety barrier, straight
   slots between 10mm and 32mm may not be restricted to limitations in length.
10. Where used in conjunction with a thin surfacing the under drainage shown in
    F21 shall apply in full.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
EDGE OF PAVEMENT
DETAILS

CENTRAL RESERVE
LINEAR DRAINAGE SYSTEM
WITH CONCRETE SAFETY BARRIER

Drawing No. B17
NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
2. These details also apply to rigid carriageway with addition of separation membrane and under channel drainage layer. Also applies to flexible composite carriageway with any necessary modifications.
3. Paving between the surface water channel and the hardshoulder, hardstrip or carriageway shall be as described in Appendix 5/3 or shown on the drawings.
4. Dimensions of concrete channel shall be as described in Appendix 5/3. General criteria for channel requiring safety barrier protection is that channel depth exceeds 150mm or that cross-falls exceed 1:4. Where used in conjunction with a thin surfacing the under drainage detail shown in F21 shall apply in full.
5. Notwithstanding other tolerances in the specification, the finished level of the channel shall not be higher than the finished level of the adjacent paving. Similarly the finished level of the paving shall not be higher than the finished level of the adjacent hardshoulder, hardstrip or carriageway.
6. Safety barriers to be as shown on the Drawings and scheduled in Appendix 4/1.
7. Detail shows channel in verge location. For channels in central reserve location, the post and concrete post foundations for a safety barrier must not be coincident with drain to drawings F18, 19 and 20.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION DETAILS | EDGE OF PAVEMENT DETAILS | SURFACE WATER CHANNEL REQUIRING SAFETY BARRIER PROTECTION
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C MAY 04 | A MAR 98 | Drawing No.
B MAY 02 | Issue Date
A MAR 98 | | B18